

# AB<sub>3</sub> Compounds

- 1) Perovskite Type → 3 Dimensional (ReO<sub>3</sub>)
- 2) TlI<sub>3</sub> → 1 Dimensional
- 3) ZrSe<sub>3</sub> type → 2 Dimensional and variants
- 4) AlCl<sub>3</sub> Type → 2 Dimensional structure

## Less Common

- 1) MoO<sub>3</sub> Type
- 2) Ba(MnS<sub>3</sub>) Type
- 3) NdTe<sub>3</sub>
- 4) CoAs<sub>3</sub>

# ReO<sub>3</sub> perovskite Type-Cubic

Examples

WO<sub>3</sub>

VF<sub>3</sub>

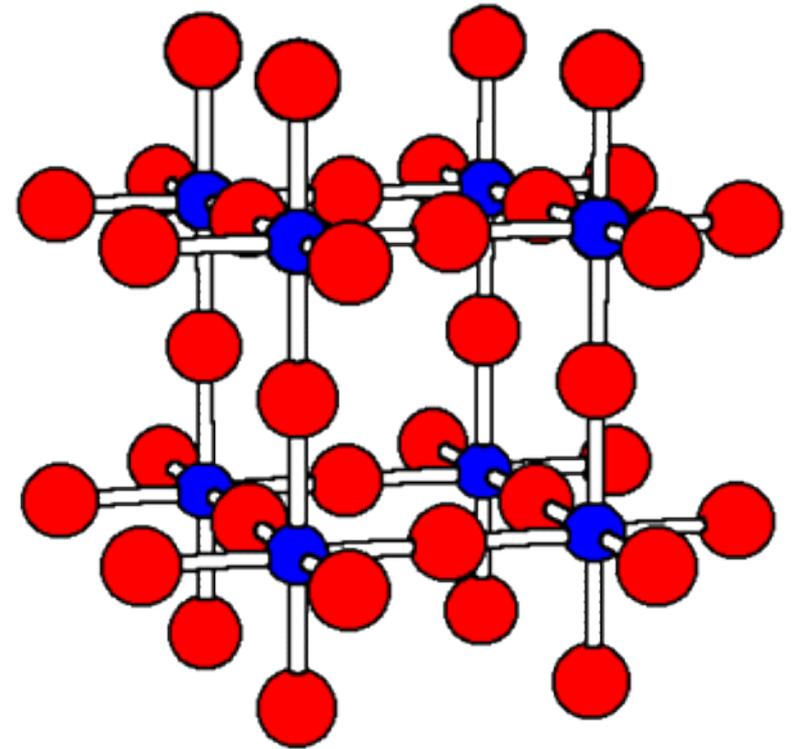
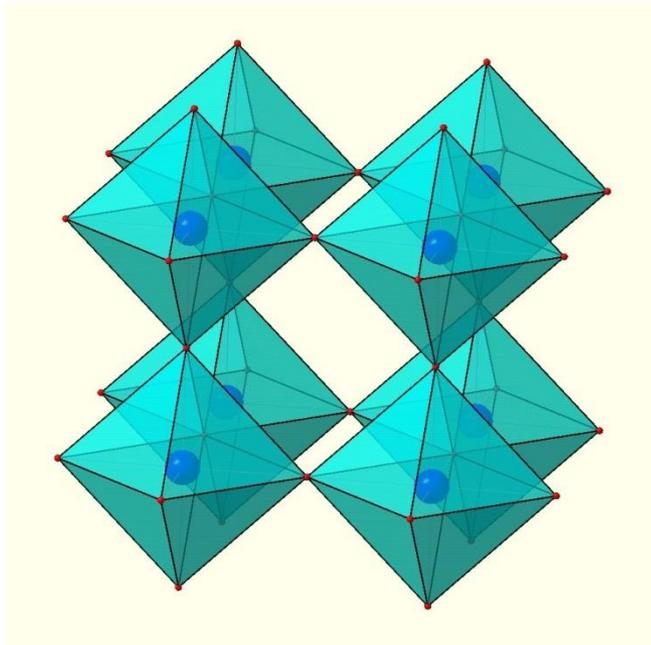
TiOF<sub>2</sub>

FeF<sub>3</sub>

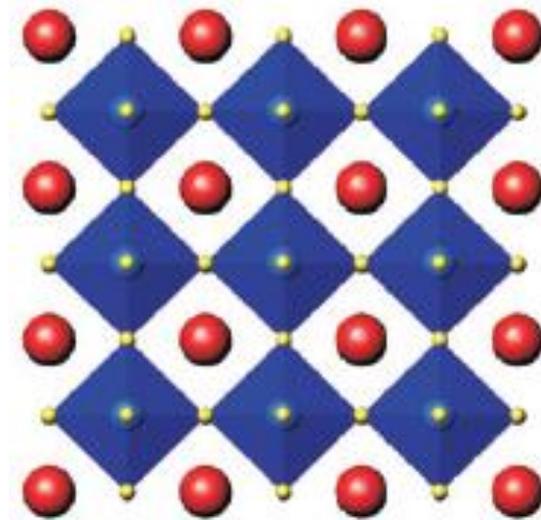
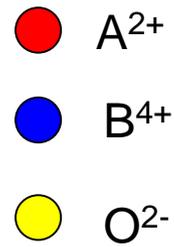
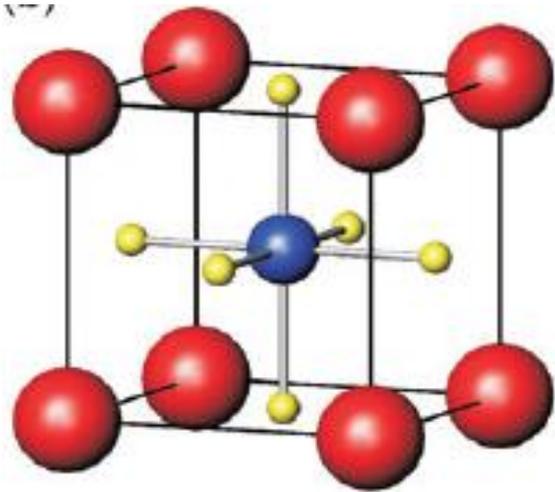
MoOF<sub>2</sub>

Li<sub>3</sub>N

Cu<sub>3</sub>N



# Filled perovskite



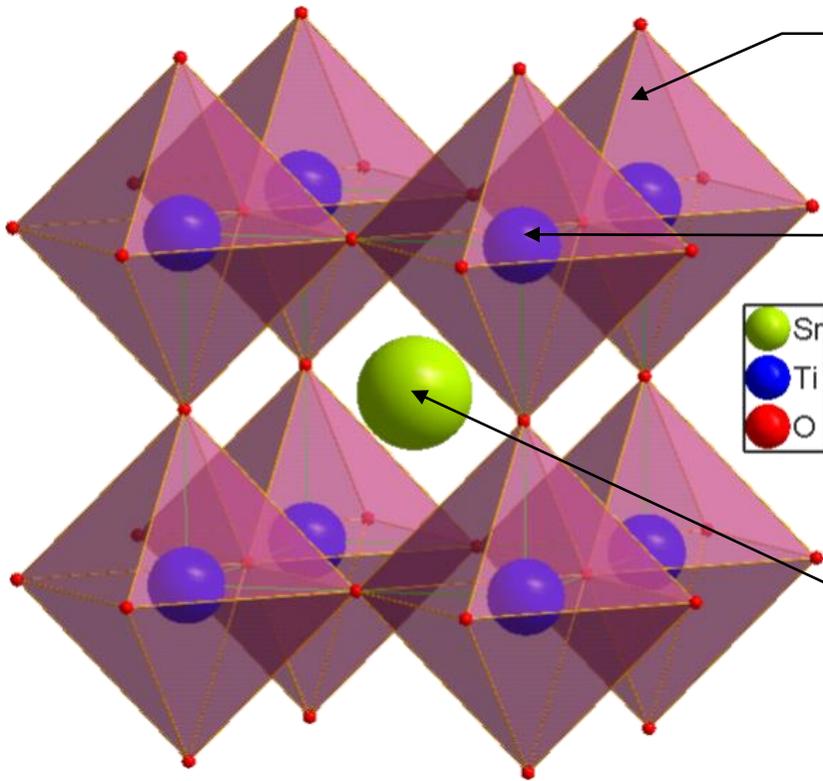
# Cubic perovskite $\text{SrTiO}_3$

$\text{Pm}\bar{3}\text{m}$

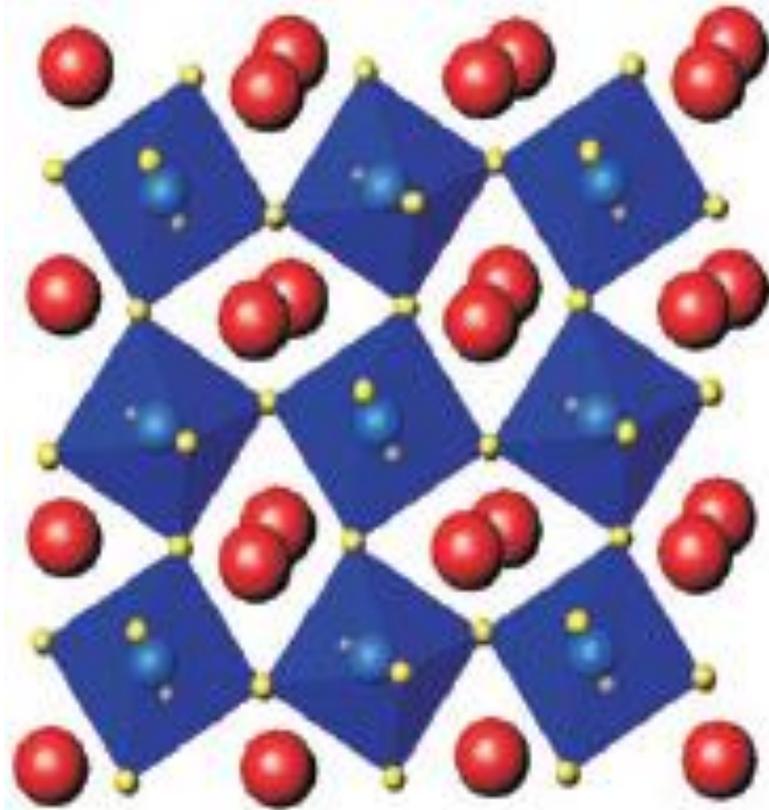
Oxygen  
Octaedra

Octaedral site B cations :  
Nb, Ta, Ti, Zr, Fe, Mn, ....

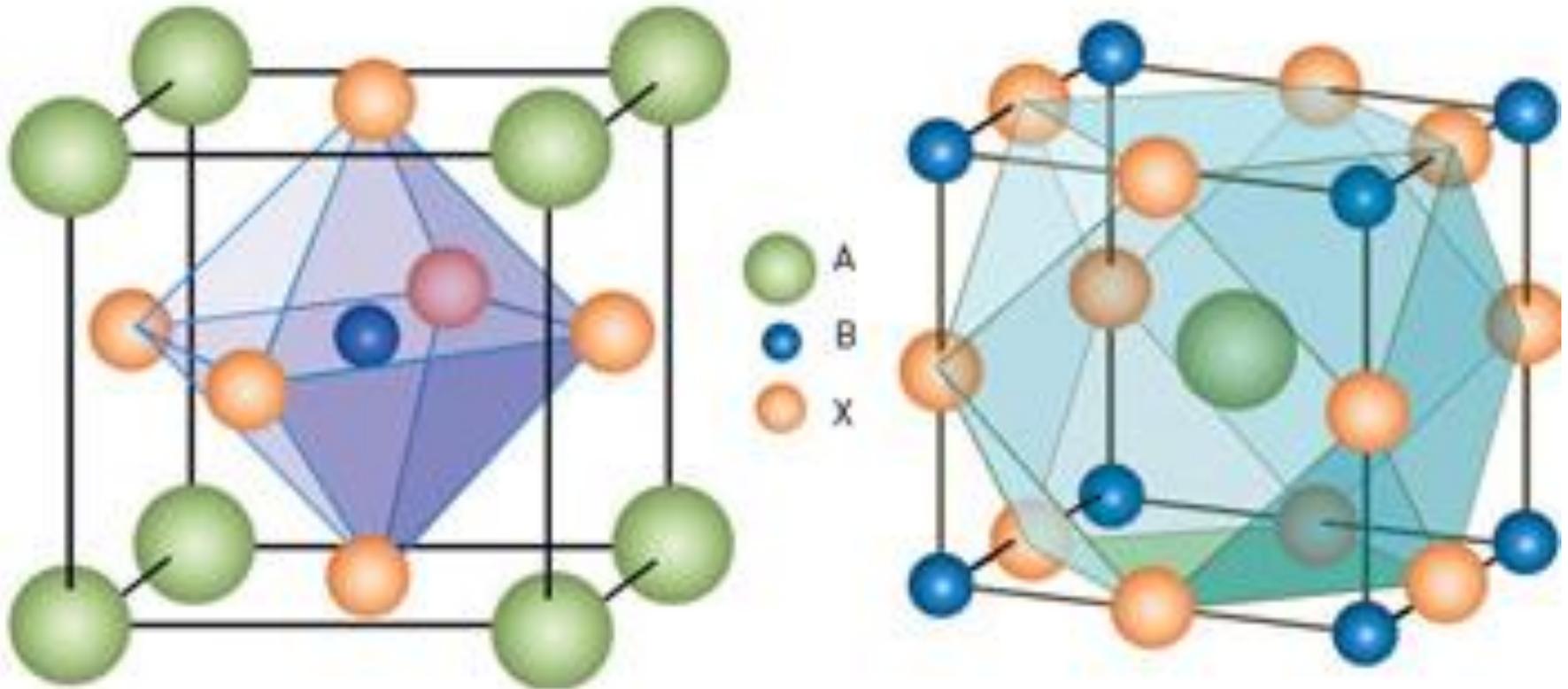
Dodecaedra site A cations :  
K, Na, Ca, Sr, Ba, Pb, Bi, Y, La, ...



# Distorted perovskite structure (CaTiO<sub>3</sub>)



# Perovskite



# Cubic perovskite SrTiO<sub>3</sub>

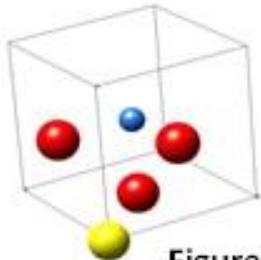


Figure 2.

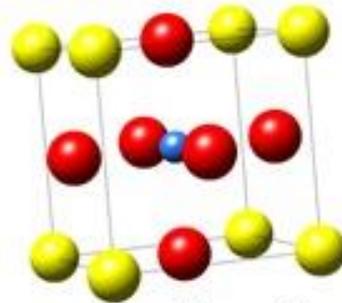


Figure 3.

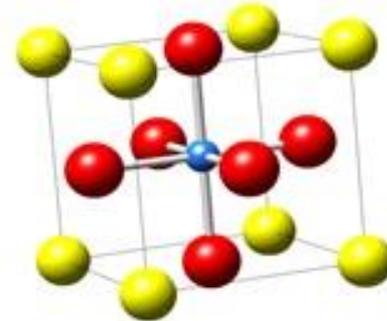


Figure 4.

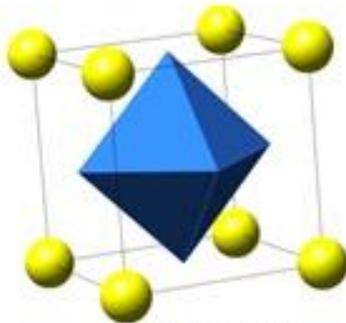


Figure 5.

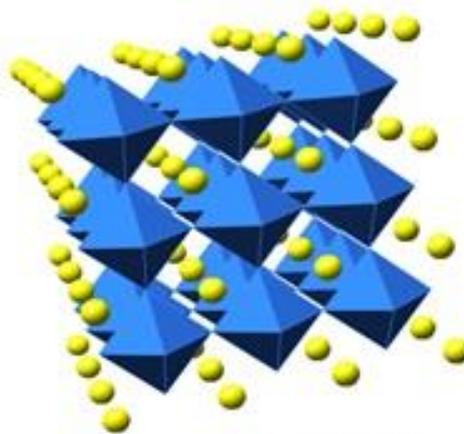


Figure 6.

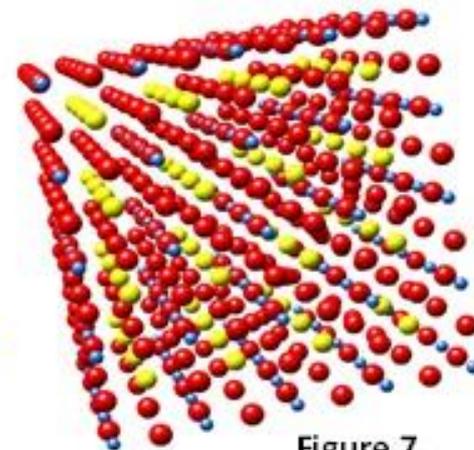


Figure 7.

# AlCl<sub>3</sub> Type

Defect CdCl<sub>2</sub> type



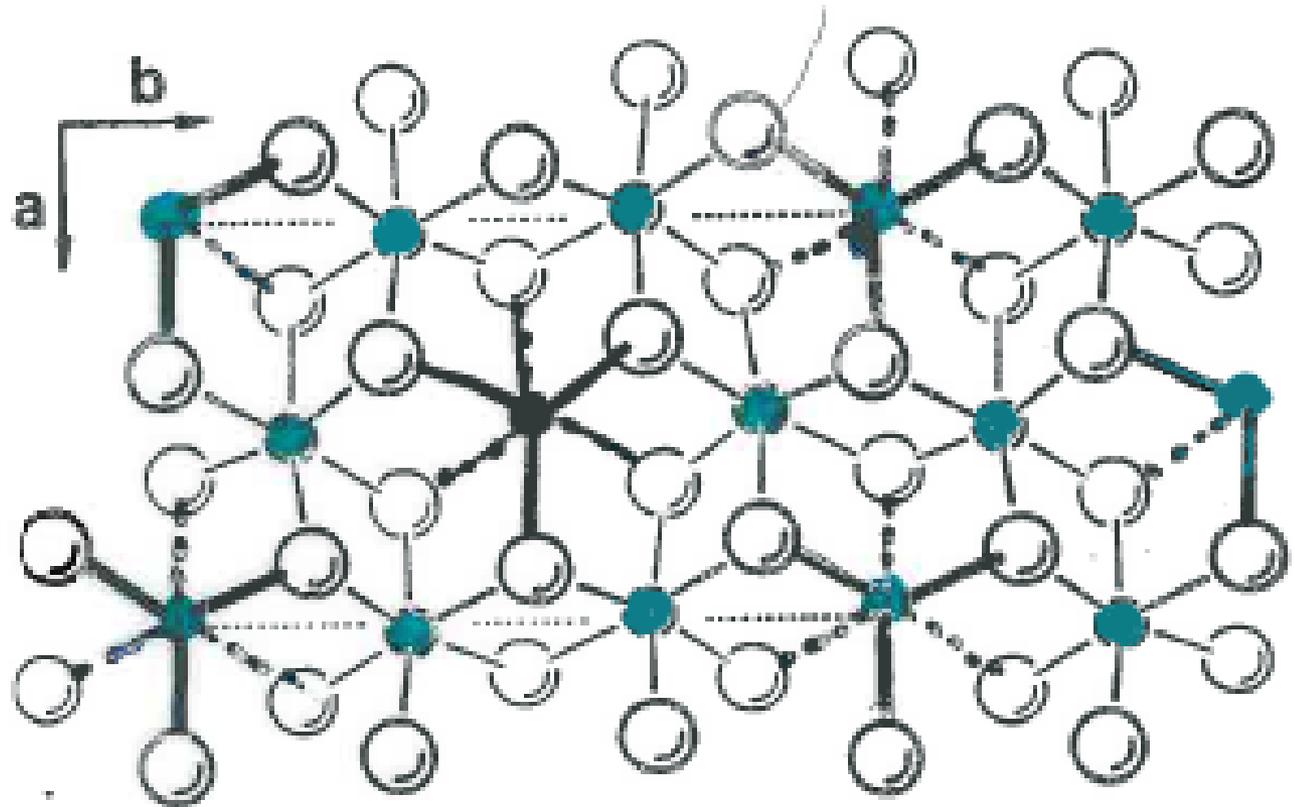
Cd<sub>3</sub>Cl<sub>6</sub>



Cd<sub>2</sub> □ Cl<sub>6</sub>



AlCl<sub>3</sub>



FeCl<sub>3</sub>, Al(OH)<sub>3</sub>, GaCl<sub>3</sub>, CrCl<sub>3</sub>

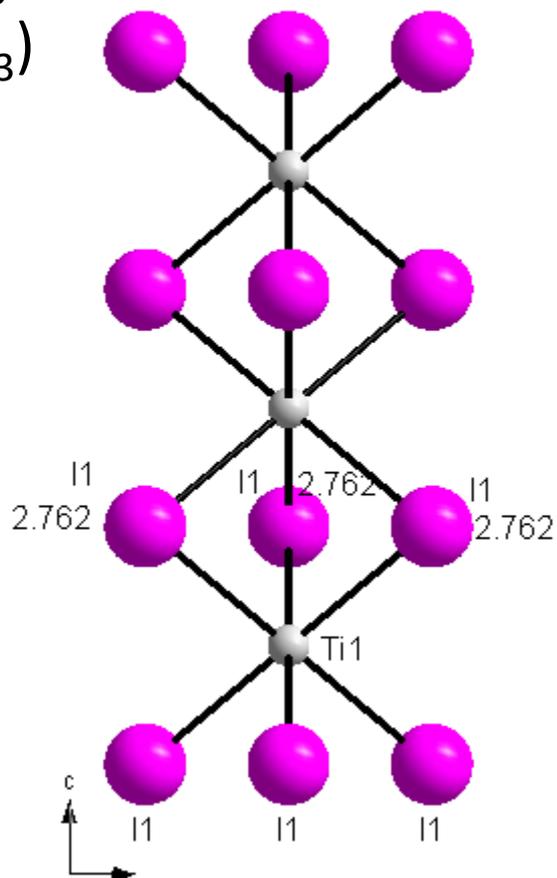
# TiI<sub>3</sub> Type

One Dimensional chains

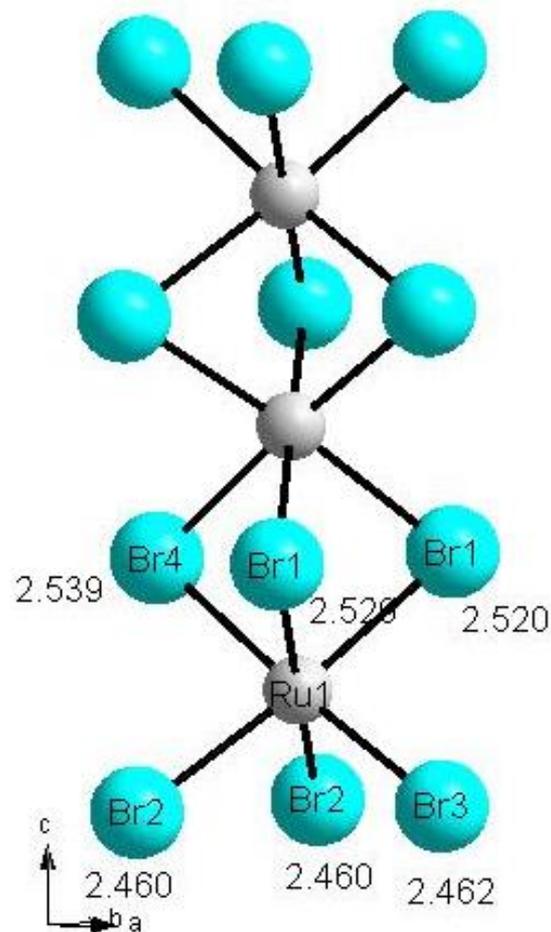
CsNiCl<sub>3</sub>

Mo(SR<sub>3</sub>)

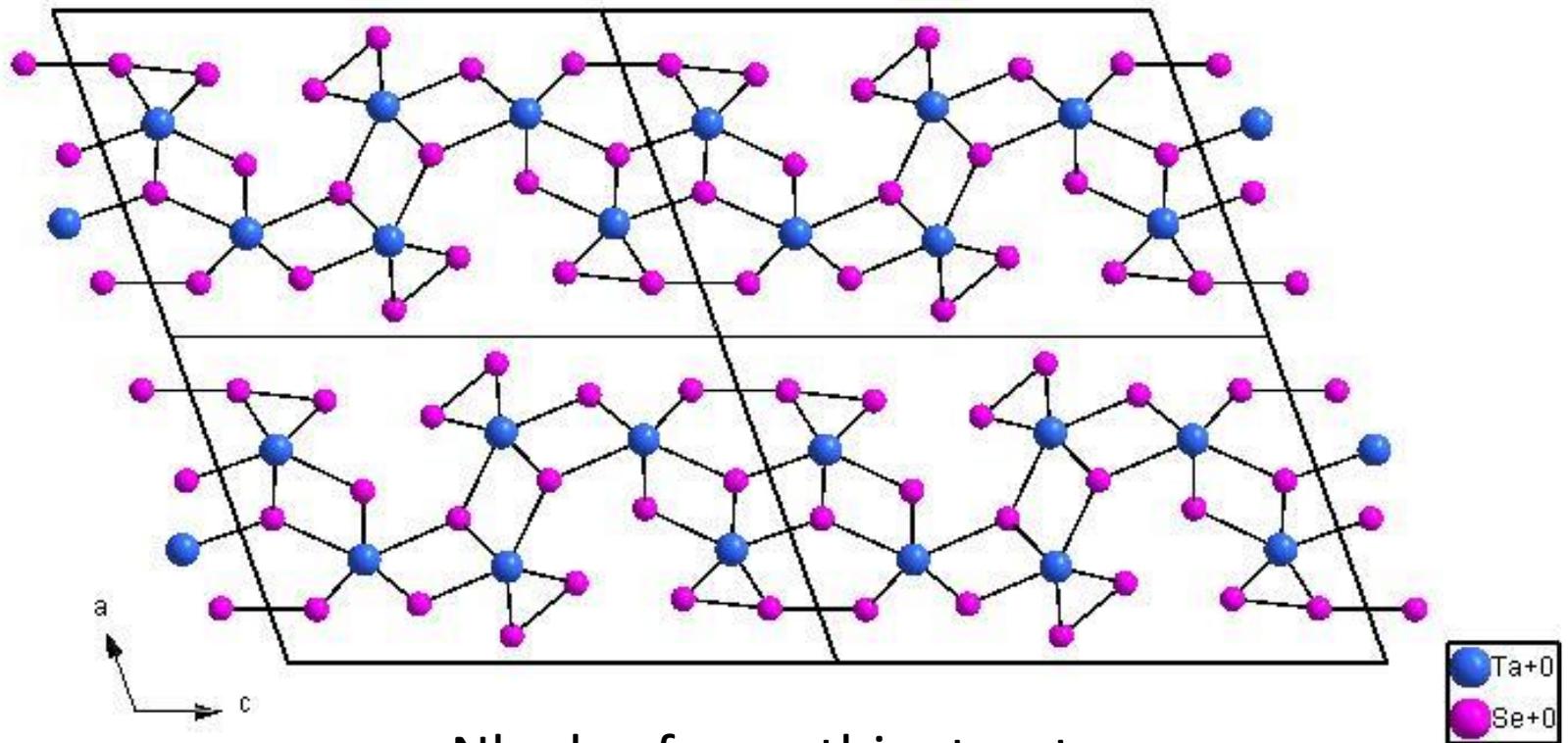
MoI<sub>3</sub>



RuBr<sub>3</sub> Dostorted TiI<sub>3</sub>

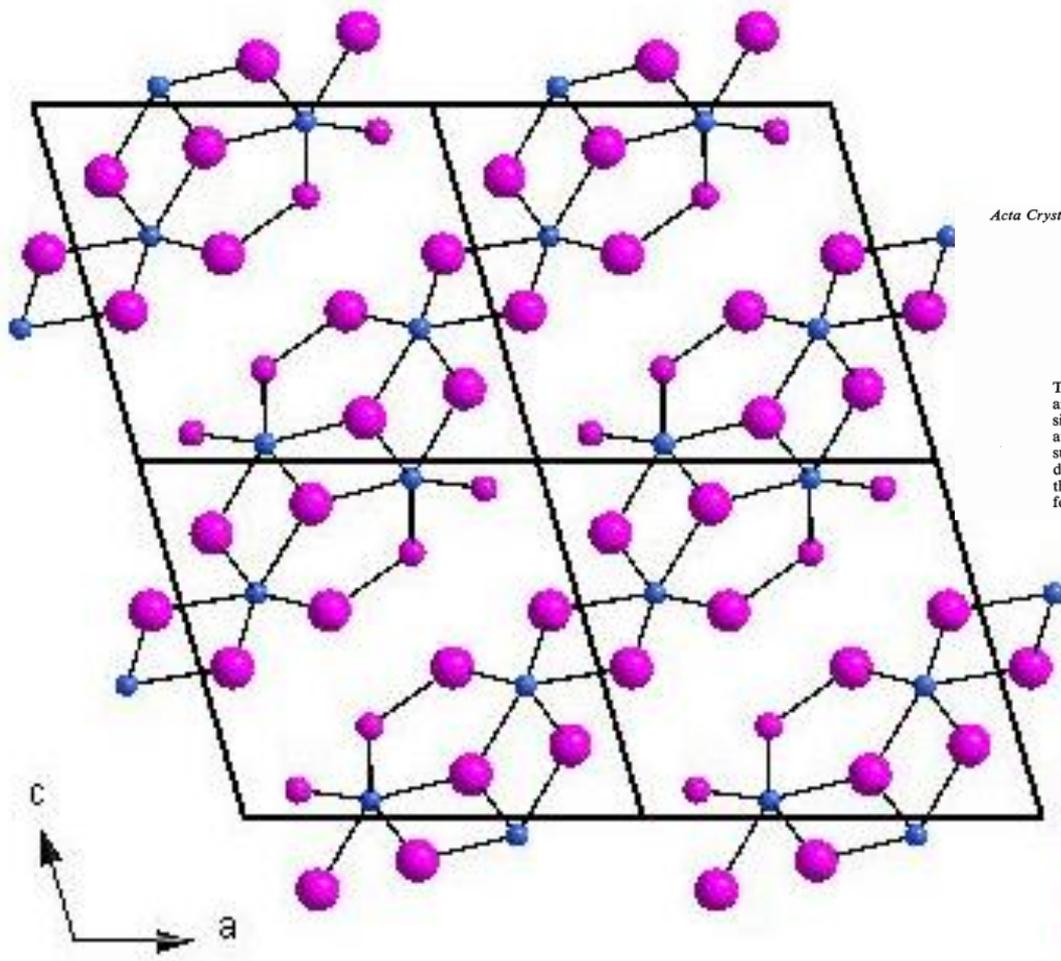


# TaSe<sub>3</sub> and TaS<sub>3</sub>\_P21/m



Nb also forms this structure

# TaSe<sub>3</sub>\_P2<sub>1</sub>



*Acta Cryst.* (1968). B24, 1102

## The Crystal Structures of Niobium(III) Selenide and Tantalum(III) Selenide

By F. KADIJK, R. HUISMAN AND F. JELLINEK

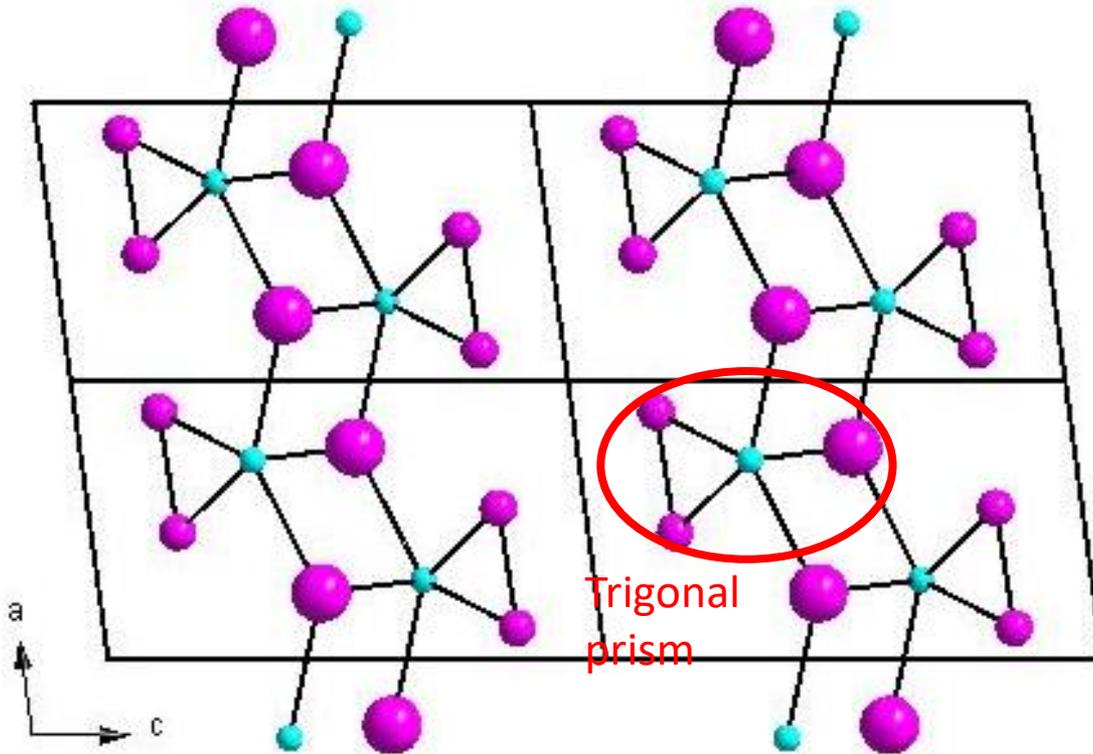
*Laboratorium voor Anorganische Chemie, Rijksuniversiteit Groningen, The Netherlands*

(Received 28 July 1967)

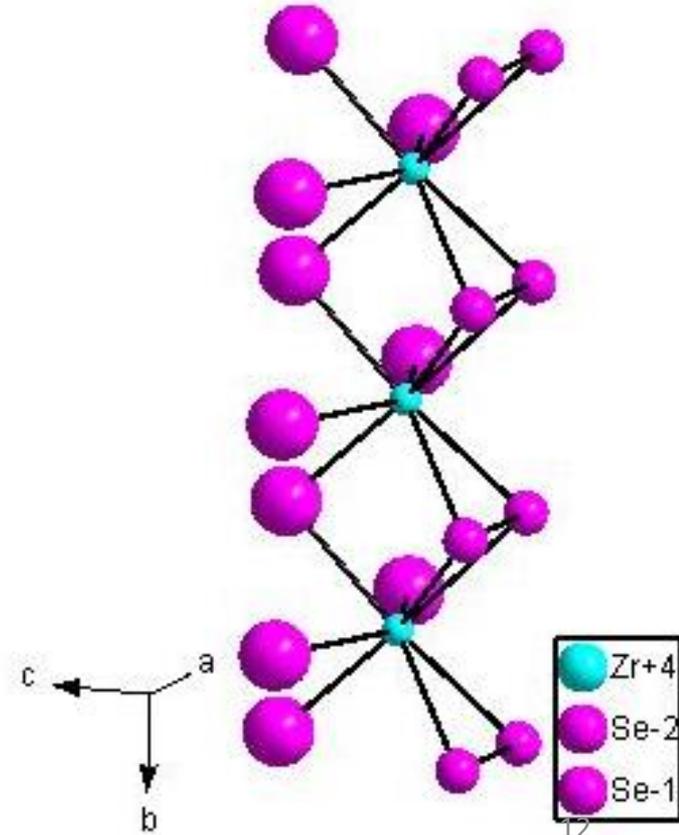
The crystal structures of the monoclinic phases Nb<sub>2</sub>Se<sub>3</sub> ( $a=6.503$ ,  $b=3.434$ ,  $c=9.215$  Å;  $\beta=103.39^\circ$ ) and Ta<sub>2</sub>Se<sub>3</sub> ( $a=6.495$ ,  $b=3.408$ ,  $c=9.206$  Å;  $\beta=103.63^\circ$ ) have been determined and refined from single-crystal data. All atoms are in the special position  $2(e): \pm(x\frac{1}{2}z)$  of space group  $P2_1/m$ . The metal atoms are in octahedral holes of a *chh* close packing of selenium, but the structures are deformed in such a way that zigzag metal-metal chains are formed. These chains are of two kinds; the metal-metal distances in half of the chains are comparable to those in the pure metals, in the other half of the chain the distances are considerably longer. In the isotypic phase Mo<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub> short metal-metal distances are found in all chains.

*Acta Chemica Scandinavica* (1-27,1973-42,1988), (1965), 19, 701-710

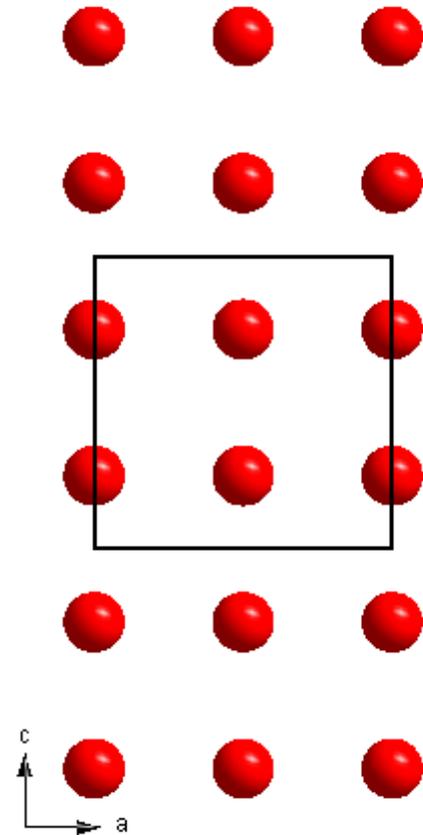
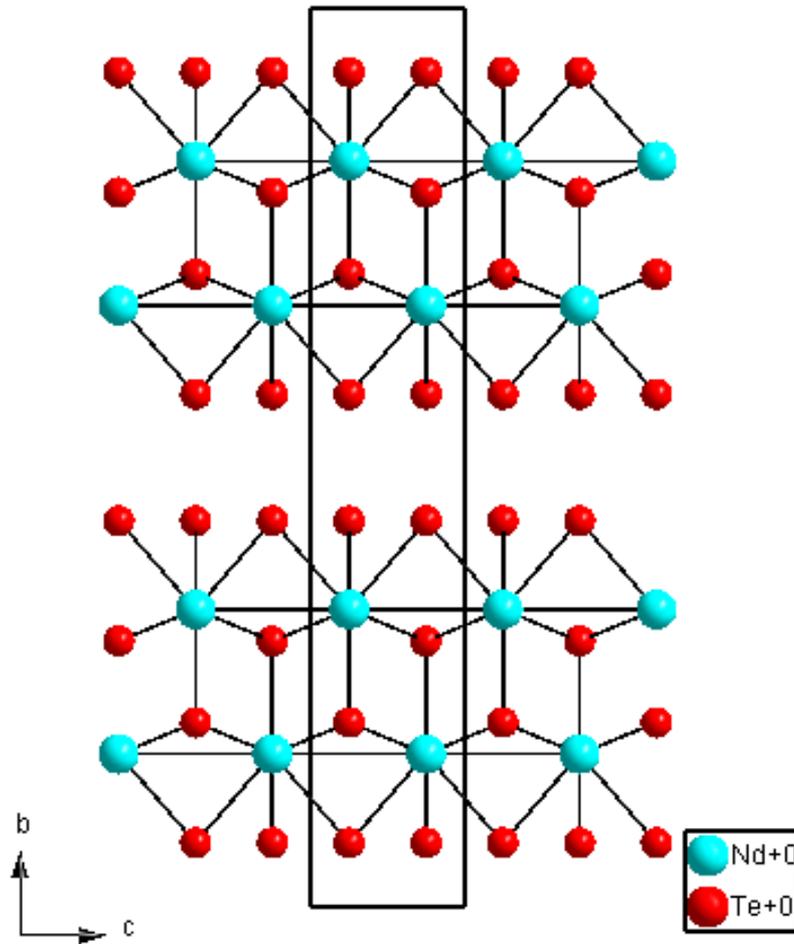
# ZrSe<sub>3</sub> and Variants



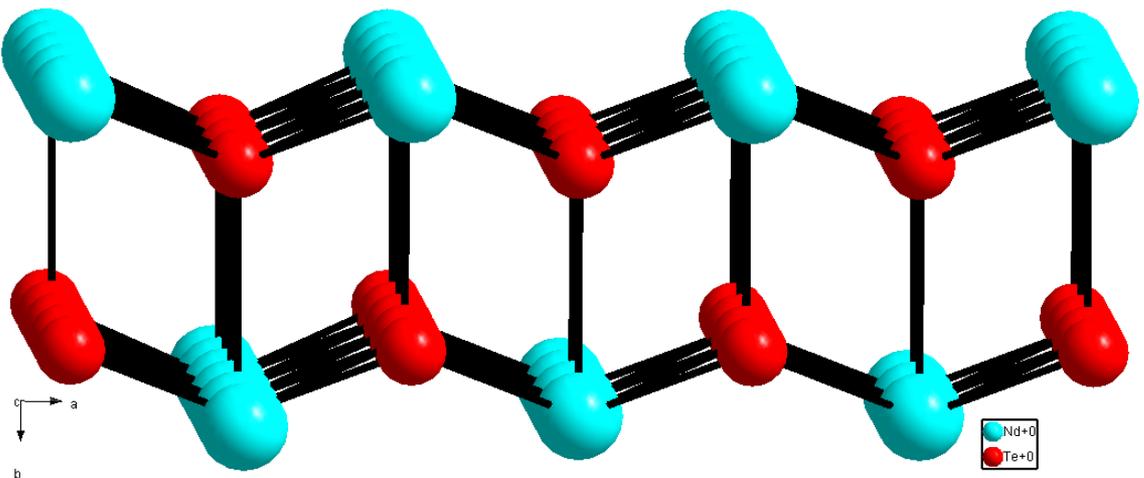
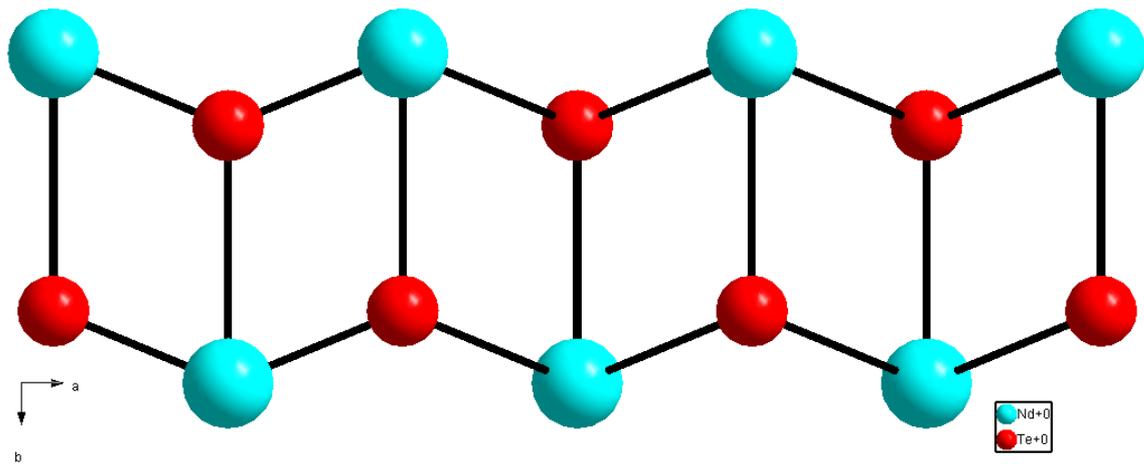
TiS<sub>3</sub>, ZrS<sub>3</sub>, HfS<sub>3</sub>  
US<sub>3</sub>, NpS<sub>3</sub>,  
USE<sub>3</sub>, NpSe<sub>3</sub>  
UTe<sub>3</sub>, ThTe<sub>3</sub>



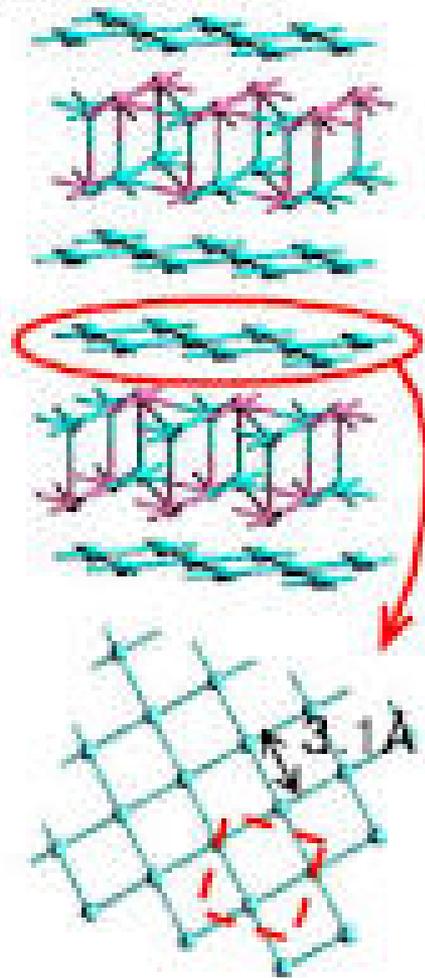
# NdTe<sub>3</sub>



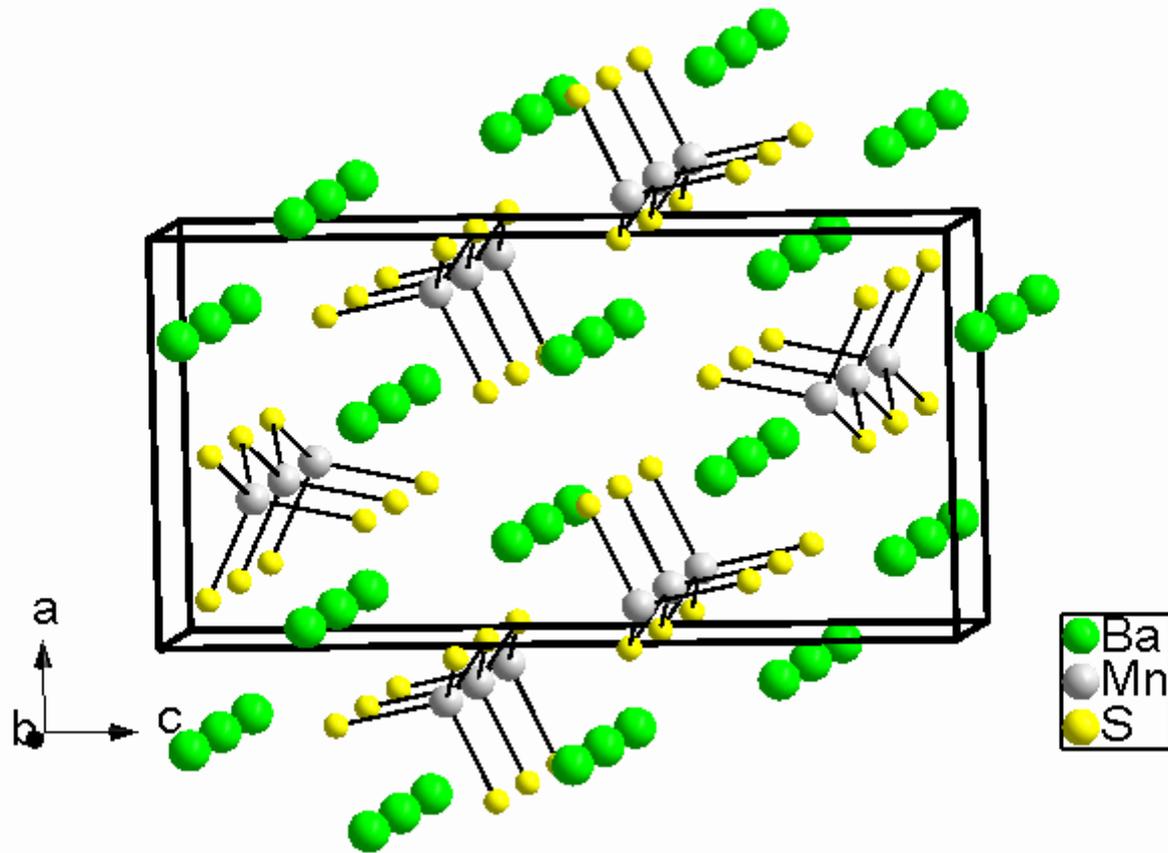
# NdTe<sub>3</sub>



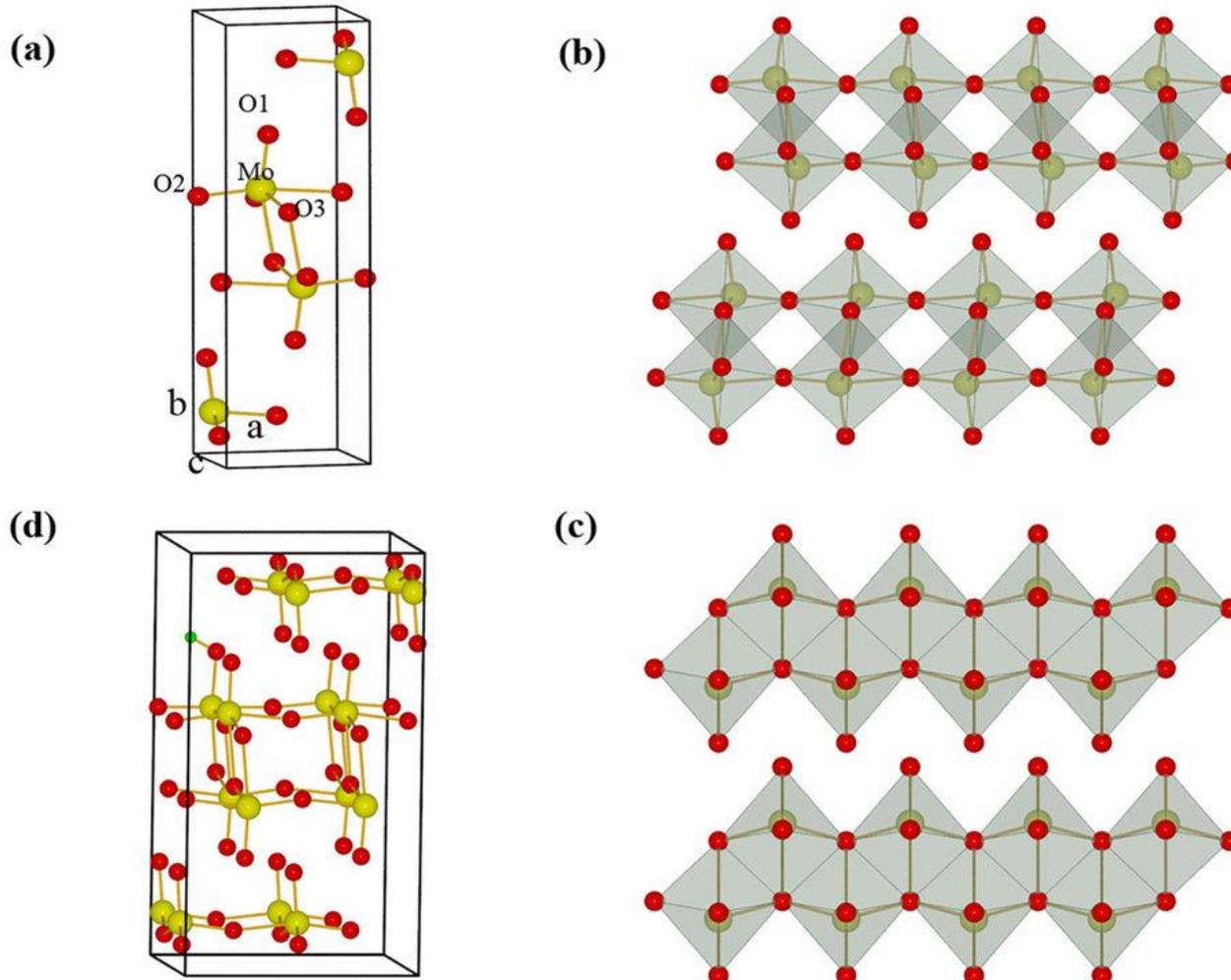
[a] ● Ce ● Te



# Ba<sub>2</sub>MnS<sub>3</sub>

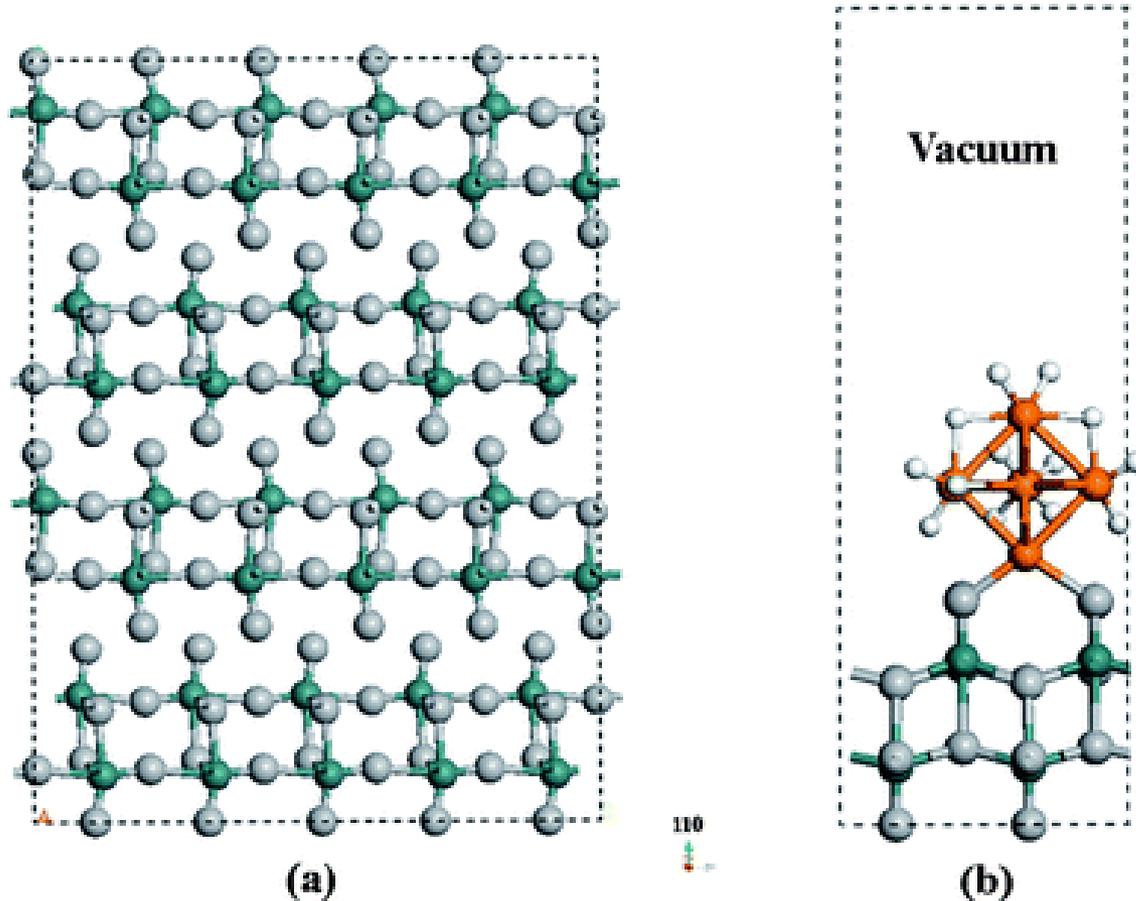


# MoO<sub>3</sub> type



Unique structure found in no other compound. Layered.  
Shows interesting intercalation/ion-insertion chemistry

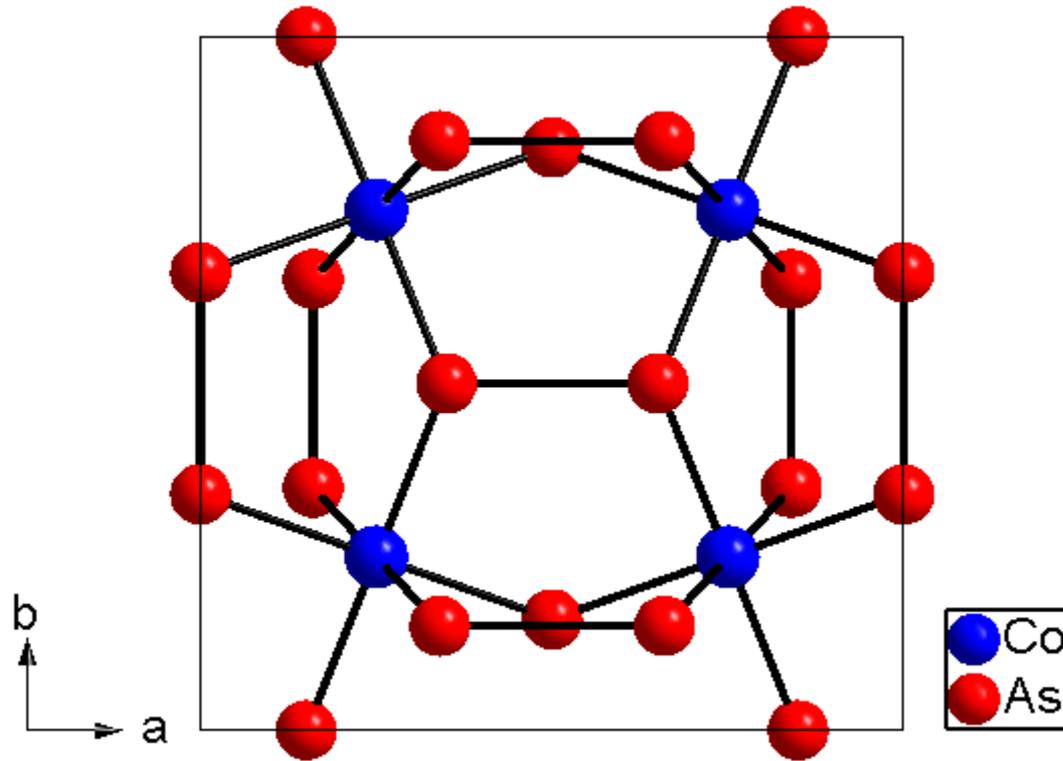
# MoO<sub>3</sub> type



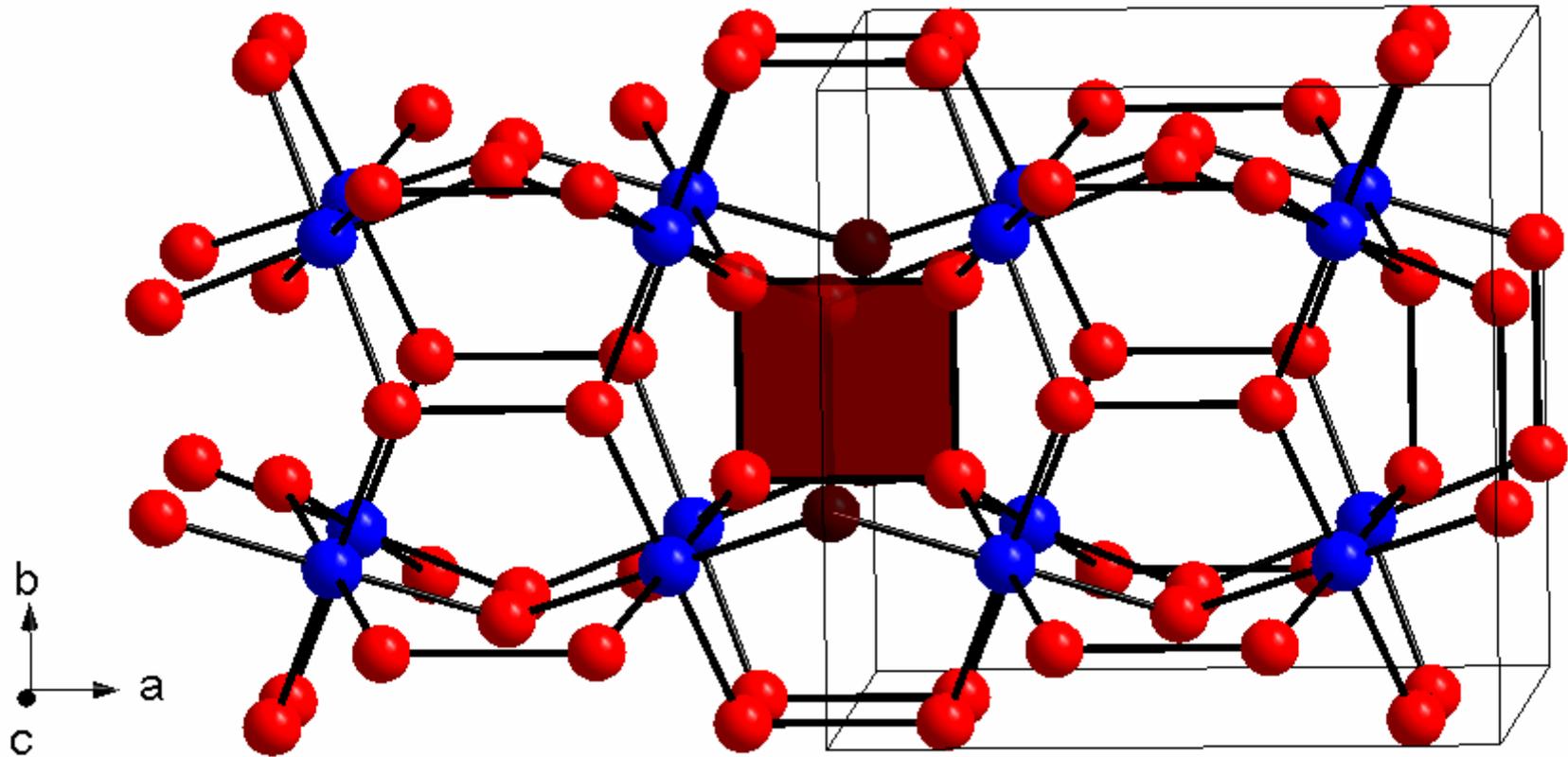
The MoO<sub>3</sub> structure

Unique structure found in no other compound. Layered.  
Shows interesting intercalation/ion-insertion chemistry

# CoAs<sub>3</sub> Skutterudite

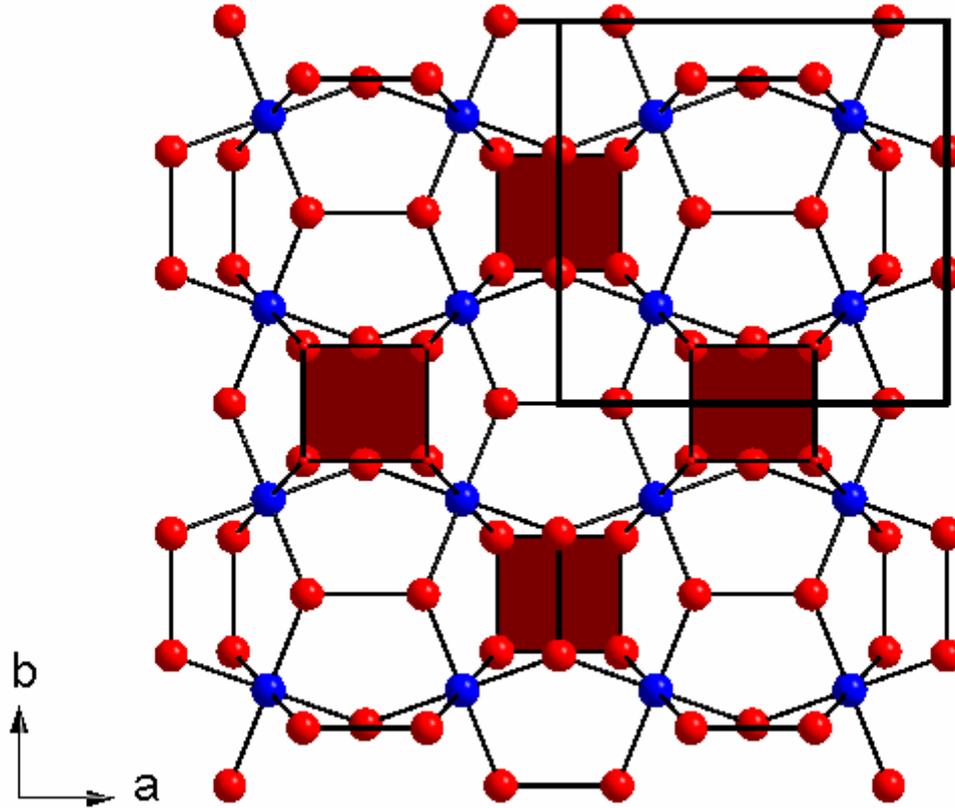


# CoAs<sub>3</sub> Skutterudite

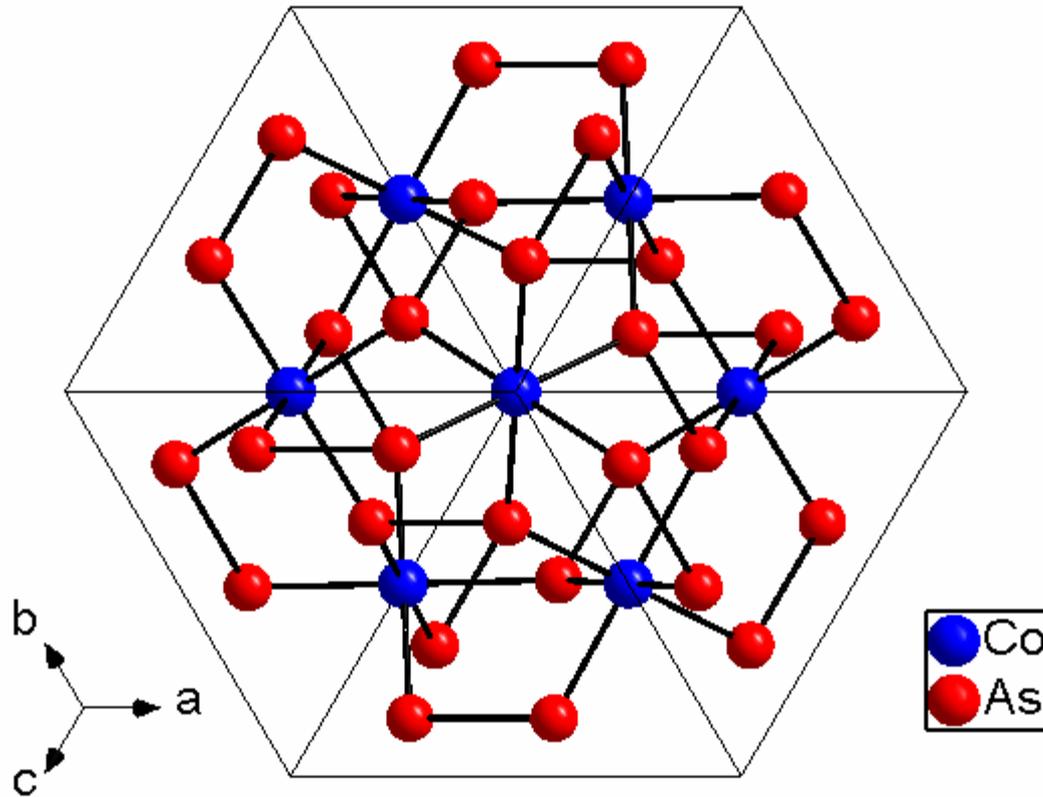


As<sub>4</sub> squares

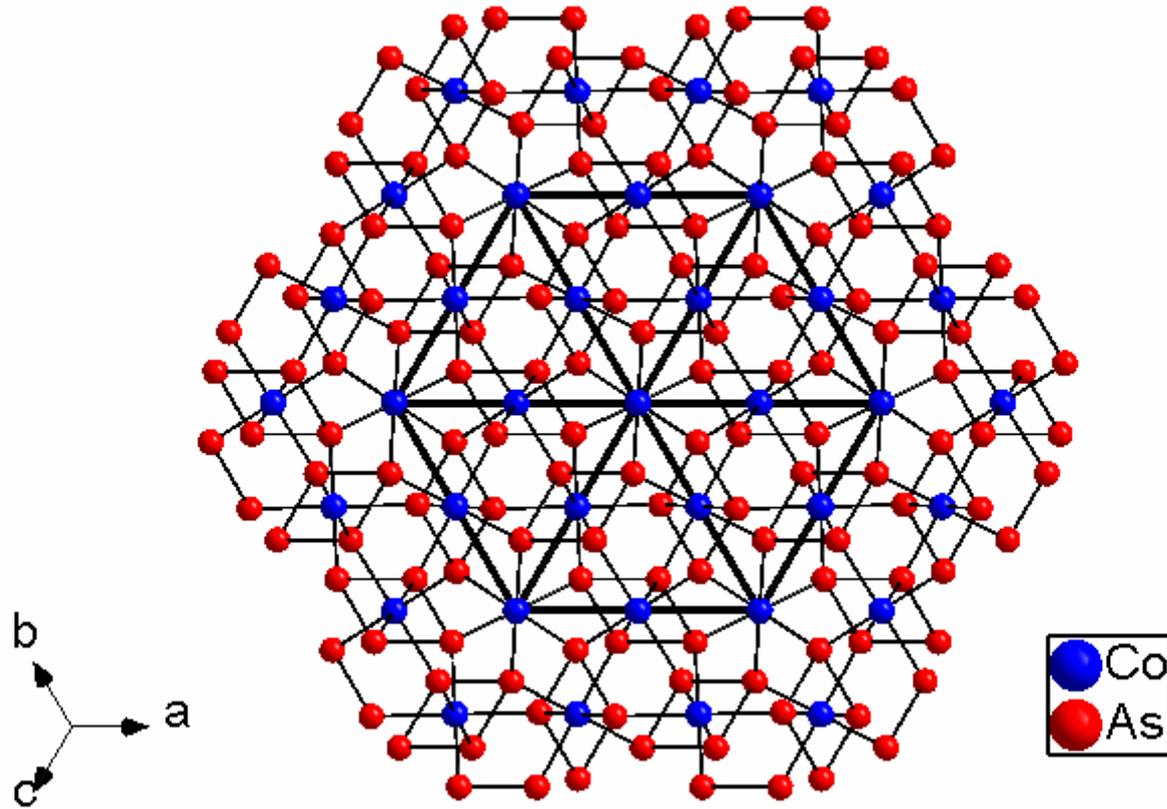
# CoAs<sub>3</sub> Skutterudite



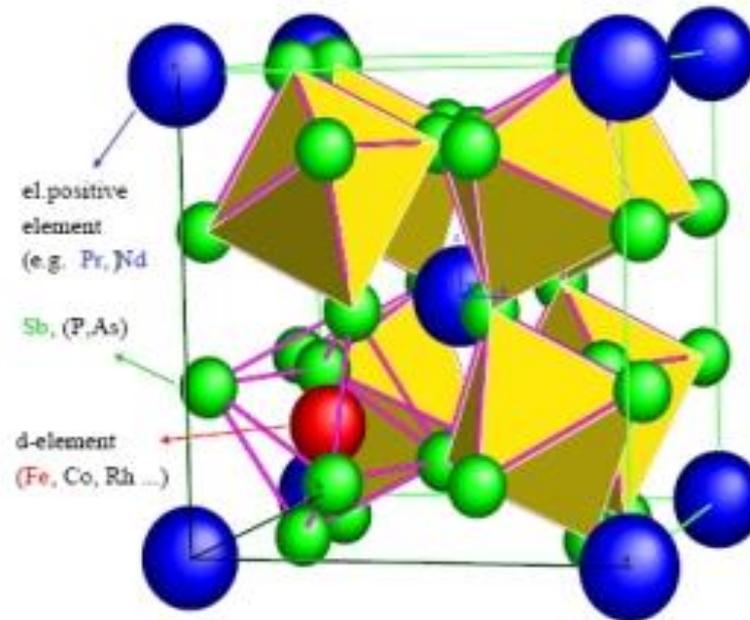
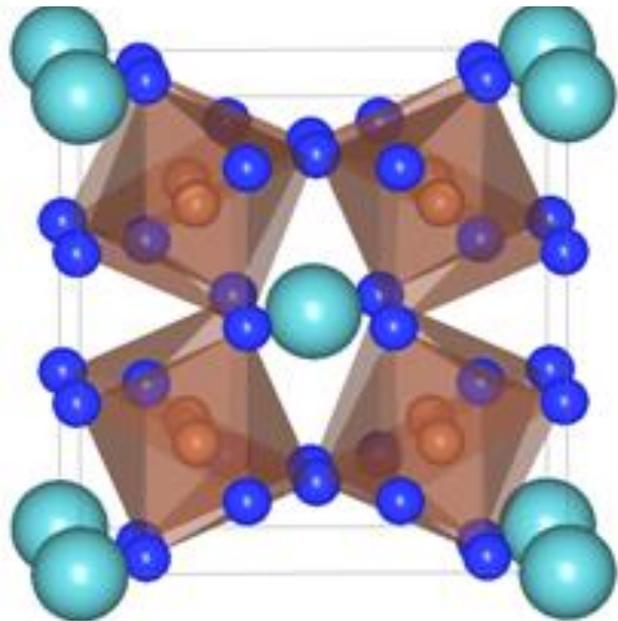
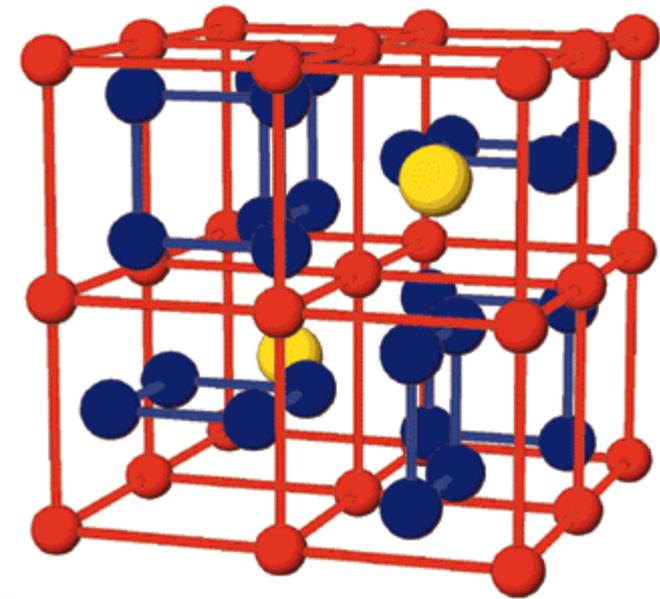
# CoAs<sub>3</sub> Skutterudite



# CoAs<sub>3</sub> Skutterudite



# Filled Skutterudite



Disordered Perovskite

# Skutterudite, CoAs<sub>3</sub>

cI32

STRUCTURE TYPE                      SPACE GROUP                      SPACE GROUP NUMBER  
**As<sub>3</sub>Co**                                      **Im $\bar{3}$**                                       **204**

REFERENCE

I. Oftedal

1928 66 P517 ZEITSCHRIFT FUER KRISTALLOGRAPHIE, KRISTALLGEOM., KRISTALLPHYS., KRISTALLCHEM

a = 0.8197                      b =                      c =                      [ nm ]  
 ALPHA =                      BETA =                      GAMMA =                      [ DEGREE ]

ORIGIN AT  $m\bar{3}$

ATOMIC POSITIONS :

ATOMS	WYCKOFF NOTATION	SYMMETRY	x	y	z	OCCUPANCY
As	24 (g)	m	0.0	0.350	0.150	1.00
Co	8 (c)	$\bar{3}$	0.25	0.25	0.25	1.00

As <sub>3</sub> Co	As-Co-Ni	As <sub>3</sub> Ir
As <sub>3</sub> Rh	Co <sub>2</sub> Ge <sub>3</sub> S <sub>3</sub>	Co <sub>2</sub> Ge <sub>3</sub> Se <sub>3</sub>
Co-Ni-Sb	CoP <sub>3</sub>	CoSb <sub>3</sub>
FeNiSb <sub>6</sub>	Ge <sub>3</sub> Ir <sub>2</sub> S <sub>3</sub>	Ge <sub>3</sub> Ir <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>3</sub>
Ge <sub>3</sub> Rh <sub>2</sub> S <sub>3</sub>	IrP <sub>3</sub>	IrSb <sub>3</sub>
Ir <sub>2</sub> S <sub>3</sub> Sn <sub>3</sub>	NiP <sub>3</sub>	P <sub>3</sub> Pd
P <sub>3</sub> Rh		

cI32

STRUCTURE TYPE                      SPACE GROUP                      SPACE GROUP NUMBER  
**Ca<sub>3</sub>Hg**                                      **I $\bar{4}$ 3m**                                      **217**

REFERENCE

M. Puselj et al.

1978 51 P75 CROATICA CHEMICA ACTA